

Dewey  
White Swan

145, 4W  
Sec. 26

H.C. Carlisle papers, U.S. Wyoming/Laramie  
Report on Vanadium Mines.

Cutter, New Mexico

1931

#### HISTORY AND LOCATION

The property consists of five (5) patented claims namely The White Swan, Dewey, Admiral, U.S.N. and Canary Bird (survey #1439) Situated in the Cabello Mt. Range, Pittsburg Mining District, Sierra Co. New Mexico in Sec. 26-25 and 35 T. 14 S. R. 4 W. A. T. and S.P.R.R. over an Auto road 14 miles distant- an Auto road also connects the property with Hot Springs- 24 miles distant.

The mine was originally owned by the Vanadium Mine Corporation. They spent a large amount of money- over a million dollars in the development of the property and in an attempt to treat the ores for which purpose they erected an acid plant at Cutter and a concentrating mill near the mine, but owing to lack of knowledge and experience in Metallurgy of Vanadie ores they could not save the values so they shut down, sold off and wrecked the machinery and buildings and left the country. This occurred in 1912. From that time until the present the mine has remained idle. The property came into the possession of the present owners in April of this year ( 1931 ) having obtained the title, deed and decree from the District Court of the County.

I have had their title examined by three New Mexico attorneys familiar with New Mexico Mining Law and Courts procedure. Their reports expresses their opinion that the title is good.

#### GEOLOGY AND ORE OCCURRENCE

The formation consists of a heavy bedded grey or blue upper Carboniferous limestone, with some intercalated shale. Much of the Limestone is Semi-christaline and some of it contains black flinty or cherty nodules or inclusions. Resting rather unconformable on a bed of quartzite laid down on a medium grained reddish or brownish granite (age probably Cambrian). An exposure of upper Carbonferous Sandstone (Redbeds occurs about  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile away).

The ore occurs in pipes chimneys and bedding planes along two well defined fault fractures. These two faults known as the east and west faults occupy horizontal 725 feet apart paralleling the mountain range striking N. 50°, 48°E. with a dip of about 30° toward the west, in a flour spar barate quartz gangue in cellular foliated and granular masses and as powder and detached crystals in caves and cavaties some of immense size. 40% of this material will pass through a 40 mesh screen.. Lens of Caronite ore exposed showing a width of from 3" to 8" no attempt appears to have been made to explore the area occupied by this material beyond the limits of the side walls of drifts it was evidently not considered of any importance by the former owners. It however merits investigation.

#### MINERALS

The principal minerals in the order of their commercial importance are Endlichite, Carnotite, Vanadinite, Uraninitite, Wulfenite, Galena, Cerussite, Copper and Manganese.

#### DEVELOPMENT WORK

Development consists of two, two compartment shafts. One the White Swan 500 ft. and the other (Dewey) 400 feet deep about 6500 ft. of lateral work in excess of 2000 ft. of raises and winzes in this preliminary examination no attempt has been made to ascertain exactly the amount of work done. It is only possible at the present time to explore the White Swan to a depth of 285 feet and the Dewey to a depth of 175. Some shaft timbers are broken out at the 300 foot level in White Swan Shaft and in the Dewey below the 100 foot level. The damage does not appear to be serious however. All the timber appears to be sound and in good shape and the ground solid with no evidence of caving. The damage to timbers appears to have resulted from the impact of large rocks hurled into shaft from off the levels.

All the working above the points mentioned in above paragraph are open and in good shape.

#### VALUE OF ORES

Only two samples were taken for analysis--

#1- a composite, sample reduced to assay size from 60 united cuts taken across ore bodies from 8 to 40 feet in width analysis by Abbot A. Hanks, San Francisco, California, gave Vanadium 1.48% Uranium oxide .19%

#2. High grade rock pieces representing such ore as can be easily hand picked and sorted representing considerable tonnage. Analysis by Columbia Chemical Works, Portland, Oregon, gave Vanadium 14% Uranium 4.85% Carnotite .35% ?

As the principal mineral present appears to be Endlichite and as this is a Arsenical Vanadate containing if any but a small percentage of the Uranium content as indicated by analysis is in my opinion contained in the other Vanadates mentioned.

This is a very good ore for the production of Vanadic products. The treatment indicated is concentration at the mine ship the concentrates to a New Jersey plant there to be converted into a Lead Vanadate Sodium Matte all the valuable metals present then sold separated.

#### CONCLUSION

The mine is unquestionably a valuable property. It will be necessary to erect a new set of building head frames install hoisting machinery and repair broken timber in shaft. Work can then be resumed where the former owners left off. Erect a mill of proper capacity and design to treat the low grade ore of which there is broken and blocked out in mine in excess of 100,000 tons on the dumps. Water is available for all purposes. The question of power will be considered when a later and more complete examination and report is made July 1, 1931.

Respectfully submitted,

J. D. McDonald

THE CUSTOM ASSAY OFFICE  
Critchett & Ferguson  
105 S. Santa Fe. St.

El Paso, Texas, July 14, 1934.

This is to certify that the samples submitted to us for assay by Mr. L. Chapman, Silver City, New Mexico, gave the following results-

No	gold	Silver	lead	copper	silica	BaSO <sub>4</sub>	CaCO <sub>3</sub>	CaF <sub>2</sub>	W <sub>03</sub>	none
1	trace	0.05	2.38	0.18	10.8	1.95	66.8	4.87	none	

X Molybdenum V205

1	0.09	1.55 - comp sample from rhyolite 200 ft
2	0.14	3.67 - some 200 feet on 100 ft. level of Decey
3	0.04	1.46 comp. sample from Decey 100 ft. level

Charges, \$20.00

Critchett & Ferguson

By: O. A. Critchett

ABBOT A. HANKS, INC.  
ASSAYERS, CHEMISTS, ENGINEERS  
ESTABLISHED 1866 — INCORPORATED 1924  
624 SACRAMENTO STREET  
SAN FRANCISCO

July 20, 1935

Mr. Cooper Shapley  
Box #1  
Deming, New Mexico

Dear Sir:

Complying with a request contained in your letter of June 24th., we have made additional determinations on the sample assayed for you last May and have to advise you as follows:

Lab. No. 37703

Mark: Additional Analysis

Lead	67.10%
Copper	0.14
Phosphorus	None
Molybdenum	None
Uranium	None

63  
20  
1300  
3  
39.00  
40  
20  
60.

Respectfully submitted

ABBOT A. HANKS INC.

Abbot Hanks.

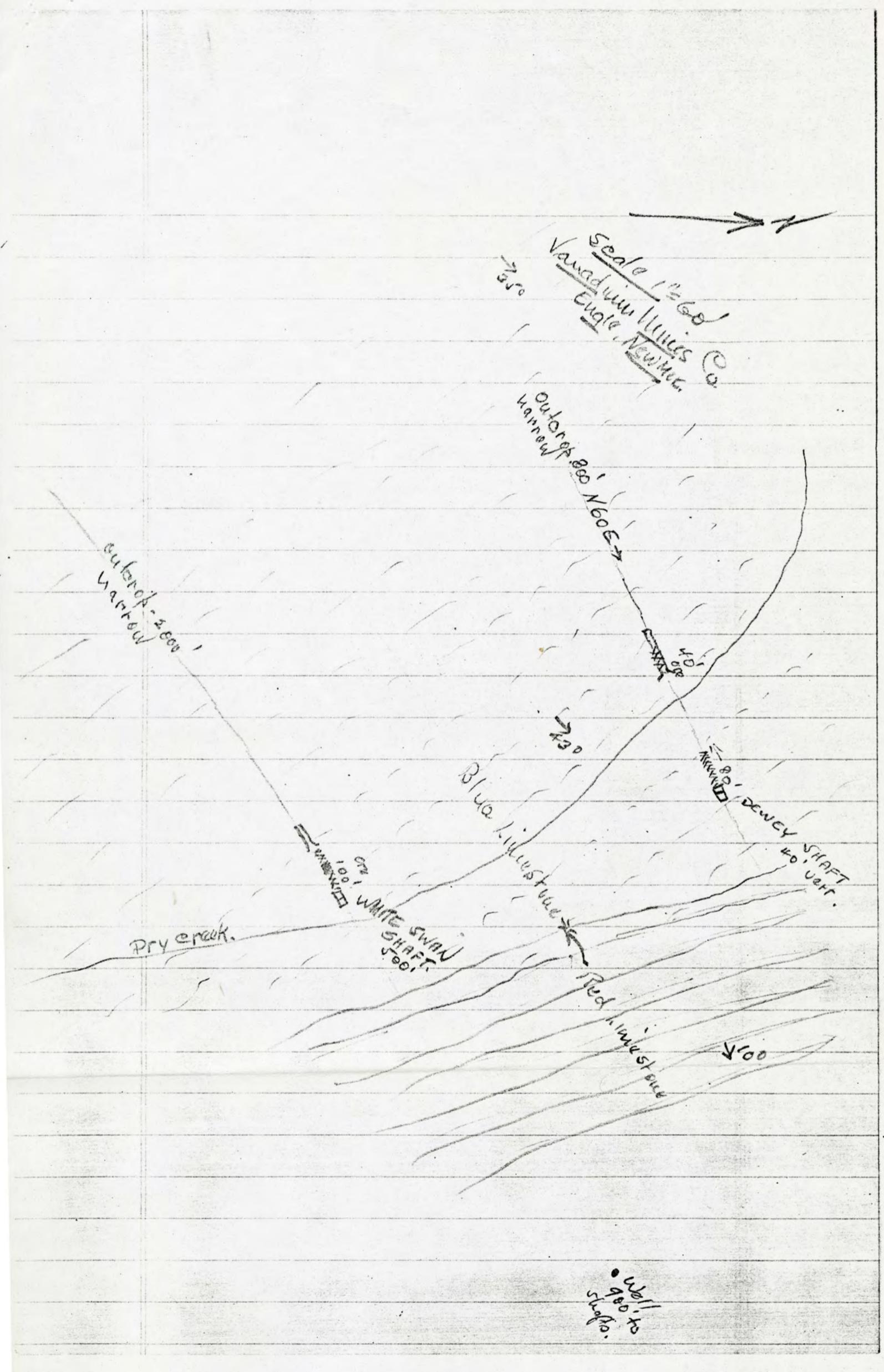
AAH:VE

# Tanaduum Minn Co.

Cost plant, 35 tons for stamps.

New 30 H.P. steel cup. at Pulley.	* 3150.
Install " "	1000.
Ball Mill 700 + 500 install.	1200.
Liner flight and Pulley	700.
Roof over plant	500.
Flotation machinery	700.
Ore bin - coarse	500
Water tank	1000.
Installed Road repair	300.
Storage tank Gross.	200.
Fine ore bin	500.
Conveyor belt	100.
Ret. elevator	250
Houses - Tents	500.
Crusher	350
Supplies	500.
Fuel oil	500.
Reagents	400.
Boarding house supplies	500.
Comps. Ins. deposit	100.
	* 13050
If having grif.	<u>4000.</u>
Total.	<u>17,000</u>

Time payment 2 months.



VANADIUM MINES  
CUTTER, N.M.

Estimated Profit on Dumps

Tonnage.	Dewey on dump.	1100 tons	1.32 V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
	Whitewater " (small)	300 "	1.32 "
" "	" (large)	<u>1200</u>	<u>1.22 (?)</u>
		<u>2600</u>	<u>"</u>

Average 2600 tons @ 1.32% V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>.

Mill capacity 35 tons say 9.00 per mo.

Time operation 3 mos.

Crew 14 men cost 3000 per mo. for milling  
and hauling to RR. = 9000. = 3.50 ton.

Ratio evn. 12 to 1.

Cost. Mill \* 3.50

Fgt. Cost @ 20 2.50

Wkhse 10% 1.58

Prof. per ton 1.15 (1000 mo. since then 500)

Cost \* 8.73 per ton dump.

Value.

1.32% V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> @ 60¢ pound = 15.84 ton

(= 264 lbs.)

15.84 - 8.73 = net 7.00 per ton dump.

2600 x 7.00 = 18,000 op. profit on dumps.

If great \$5.00 profit per ton or \$13,000 total.

Say break even on dumps.

Then \$7000. expenditure to equip for  
underground mining

# VANADIUM MINE

Prod. + trimage in Milic.

White Swan Shaft.

135' Level to Surface.

$$\text{Av. Width } 6\frac{1}{2} + 6 + 7\frac{1}{2} = 20 \div 3 = 6\frac{2}{3}'$$

$$\text{" Length } 100 + 82 + 90 = 272 \div 3 = 90'$$

$$\text{" Depth. } 135'$$

$$6\frac{2}{3} \times 90 \times 135 = 6500$$

out in development. 1400

(Developed) left 5500 tons above 135 level.

Prod 135 to 270 6500

" 270 " 400 6500

400 " 500 4500

Possible " 23,000 tons

Drury Shaft.

width 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ' length 75' depth 91'

= 3171 $\frac{1}{2}$  cu ft  $\div 12\frac{1}{2}$  less dev 2,000 tons @ 1.32 $\frac{1}{2}$

Prod. 91 to 400 8,000

Possible to 400'. 10,000 tons @ "

Reab. Recov. cur.

Possible to bottom shafts

Dumps 2600 tons W. Swan 17,500 Tons

W.S. top. 5500 " Drury 8,000 "

D. top. 2000 " 25,500. "

10,100 "

Total Recov. cur. and Prod. ± 35,000 tons.

## VANADIUM MINE

Pos. Profit after Dumps.

Add mining cost \* 3.50 to milling etc.

" prof. profit       $\frac{.50}{4.00}$  ( \$f. att. 500 mo. prof.)

7.00 dump profit - less 4.00 =  $\frac{3.00}{\text{mined}}$  <sup>on</sup>

7500 tons ready. due

$\frac{3}{22500} \text{ less } 7,000 \text{ cap. exp.} = 15,000$   
( $\frac{1}{4}$  to Shipy.  $\frac{3}{4}$  to Cap.)

21. ore to bottom of Shipy.

25,000 tons more = 70,000 further profit.

75 + 15 = 90,000

$\frac{22000}{- 68,000}$  Shipy.  
to Cap.

Tanadium - Duty. No.  
No. of buyers.  
Amt. used.  
Main supply.

See entries. Paul C.

Float or little concentrate.)

Dumps - How sampled ~ tonnage,  
Old report on property. No.

Flowchart.

Cost of plant. Contract (?)

Tests on treatment.

Taylor offst. & tons day

Freight ratios.

Price 65<sup>d</sup> & 60<sup>b</sup> lb. V/V w/v.

Make curv for quotations Ex-N.J. Cost per ton.

How much does Ex-N.J. price diff<sup>10%</sup> per ton.

Poss, Water, Ball mill, class. tables & grad. arb.  
conditions, crusher, secondary crusher, bin. Dries with.

Per ton.

340 (tons) 15 M <sup>b</sup>	@ 50 <sup>d</sup>	300 <sup>a</sup>	" 150. per ton
360 (1980)	@ 60	300 <sup>a</sup>	180. "
390 (11,700)	@ 65	300	" 195. "

Dumps - 3000 tons = 300 days @ 30 tons.  
Contract delivery to mill - Lost.